



Manual

Models 3140 / 3141

CAN Instrumentation



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Read Instructions Carefully!

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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1—INTRODUCTION

The Curtis Models 3140 / 3141 CAN instruments are designed to display critical vehicle and motor controller data on an easy-to-read and attractive LCD. The displays includes three 10mm digits and six 5mm digits and all digits are in 16-segment format to allow use of the full alpha numeric character set. Models 3140 / 3141 integrate seamlessly with Model F2A and other CANopen-based motor controllers.

The 3140 / 3141 include the following:

- Integrates seamlessly with Curtis Model F2A (and other CANopen-based motor controllers) thereby reducing the amount of development work by the vehicle designer.
- Attractive fixed-segment, transreflective LCD with 16-segment digits and informative icons allows intuitive reading in all lighting conditions and battery-powered vehicle environments.
- Optional integral CAN termination resistor allows flexibility in customer vehicle design.
- Industry standard 52mm panel cutout allows the use of existing panel/tool designs thereby lowering development cost.
- Battery State-of-Charge (BSOC) can be calculated in the 3140 / 3141 or sent to the 3140 / 3141 by the Model F2A (or equivalent CANopen-based motor controller).
- In addition to the 3 and 6 digit portions of the LCD, a percent symbol, wrench symbol, hourglass icon and decimal point are also present which provides more comprehensive information about vehicle status.
- Single unit operates from 24, 36, to 48 VDC allowing use on many models of battery-powered vehicles.
- Optional backlighting and LCD heater allow use in low-light and cold-store applications.
- Integrated 6-pin Mini-Universal MATE-N-LOCK connector allows for an easy and environmentally protected connection.
- Environmentally protected (IP65 front, IP54 rear) to allow use in harsh environments.
- CE compliance, UL recognition and RoHS2 compliance ensure compatibility with global regulatory standards.
- Model 3141 includes 3 LED indicators to identify critical warnings and vehicle status.

CANopen Convenience

Models 3140 / 3141 are CANopen compliant, responding to the standard NMT, PDO and SDO communications as well as the DS301 required identity and standard objects. The Curtis CANopen extensions allow additional features, such as OEM and User default configurations. Models 3140/3141 will receive a single SDO and respond with a single SDO. These SDO's are fixed, simplifying the interface to a VCL-enabled device. All programmable parameters and viewable values within the 3140/3141 are accessible via standard SDO transfer.



Figure 1
Curtis model 3140 CAN instrument.



Figure 2
Curtis model 3141 CAN instrument.

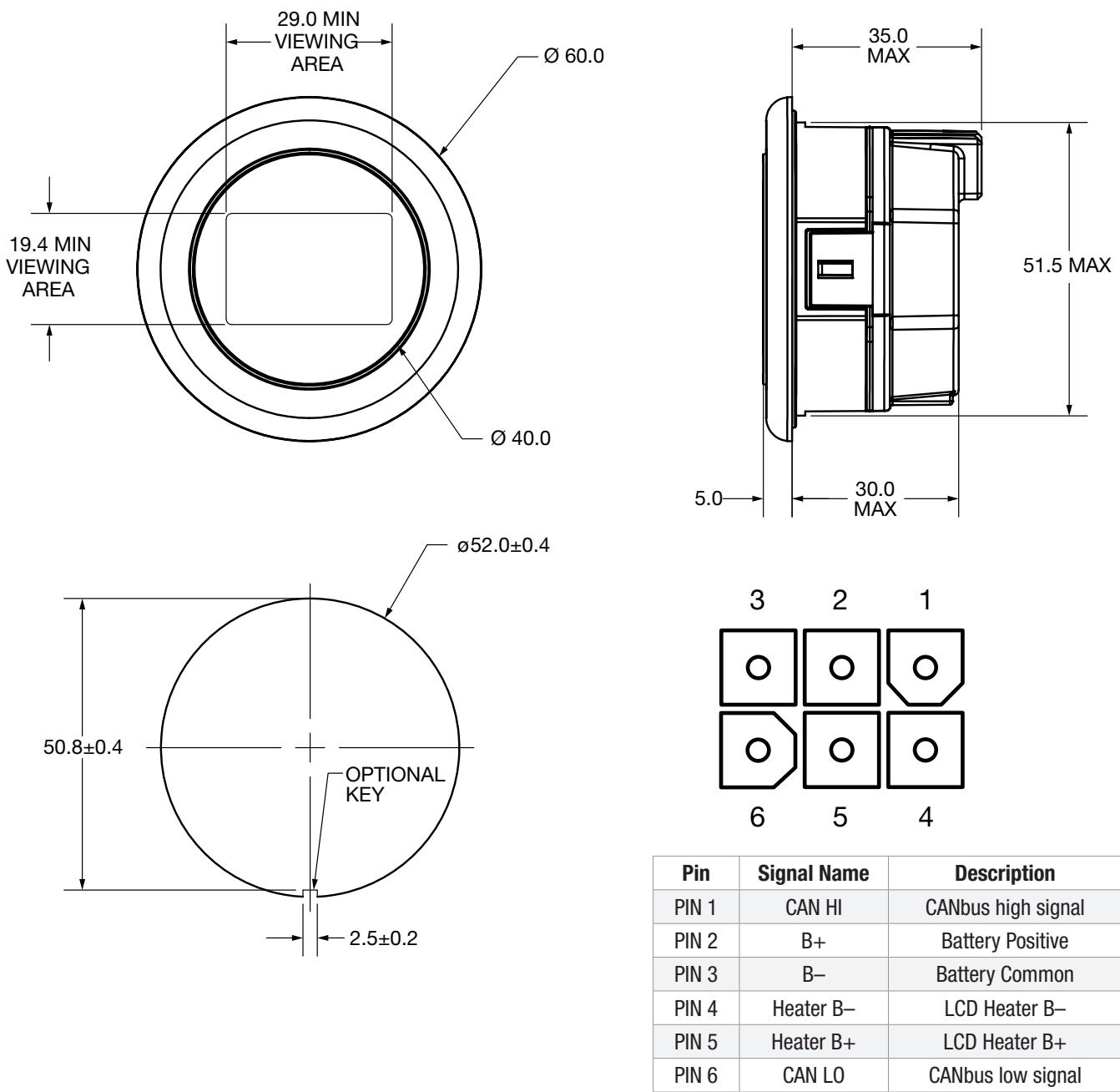
2 – INSTALLATION AND WIRING

MOUNTING THE INSTRUMENT

The outline and dimensions for Models 3140 / 3141 are shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3

3140 / 3141 product dimensions in mm.



| Pin | Signal Name | Description |
|-------|-------------|--------------------|
| PIN 1 | CAN HI | CANbus high signal |
| PIN 2 | B+ | Battery Positive |
| PIN 3 | B- | Battery Common |
| PIN 4 | Heater B- | LCD Heater B- |
| PIN 5 | Heater B+ | LCD Heater B+ |
| PIN 6 | CAN LO | CANbus low signal |

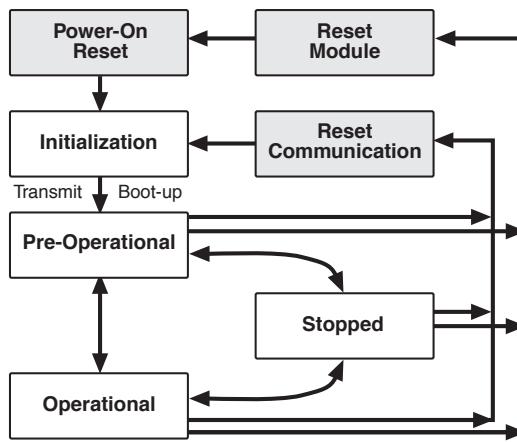
NOTE: The LCD Heater B+ and LCD Heater B- pins must be tied to B+ and B-, respectively.

3 – CANopen COMMUNICATIONS

Models 3140 / 3141 adhere to the industry standard CANopen communication protocol and thus will easily connect into many CAN systems, including those using the Curtis AC and Vehicle System controllers (such as Models F2A, 1234/36/38, 1298, 1310, and enGage VII). Any CANopen-compatible master can be programmed to control Models 3140 / 3141.

MINIMUM STATE MACHINE

Models 3140 / 3141 will run the CANopen minimum state machine as defined by CiA. The CANopen minimum state machine has four defined states: Initialization, Pre-Operational, Operational, and Stopped.



When Models 3140 / 3141 power up, they go to the Initialization state; this is also known as the Boot-up state. No CAN communications from Models 3140 / 3141 are transmitted in this state although Models 3140 / 3141 listen to the CANbus. When Models 3140 / 3141 have completed their startup and self-tests, they issue an initialization heartbeat message and automatically go to the Pre-Operational state.

In the Pre-Operational state, the 3140/3141 can receive and respond to SDOs and NMT commands, and will send its heartbeat. It will not receive or send PDOs. After receiving an Operational State NMT command, the 3140 / 3141 will enter the Operational state (full normal operation).

In the Operational state, Models 3140 / 3141 will start receiving and responding to PDOs and process all other necessary CANopen messages.

BAUD RATES

Models 3140 / 3141 will run at one of seven selectable baud rates: 20kbps, 50kbps, 125 kbps, 250 kbps, 500 kbps, 800 kbps, and 1 Mbps.

The baud rate can be changed by an SDO. Changes in the baud rate require an NMT reset to make the new rate active.

NODE ADDRESSES

The node address of the Models 3140/3141 can be 1 to 127 and is used by CANopen to route messages to Models 3140 / 3141 and to denote messages from Models 3140 / 3141. The node address is part of the COB-ID and therefore also plays a part in message priority and bus arbitration.

Changes to the node address require an NMT reset or power-cycle.

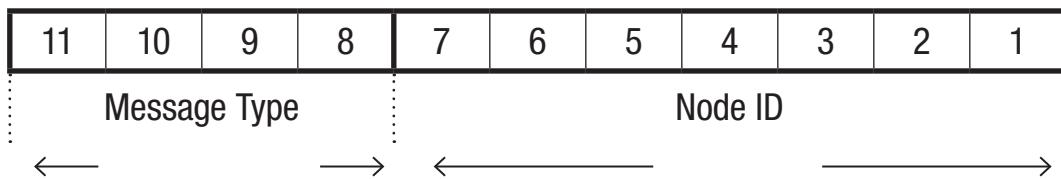
STANDARD MESSAGE IDENTIFIERS

Models 3140 / 3141 will produce—and respond to—the standard message types with the following CANopen identifiers.

| Message Type | Message Identifier |
|--------------|--------------------|
| NMT | 0000 – 0x00 |
| PDO-MISO | 0011 – 0x03 |
| PDO-MOSI | 0100 – 0x04 |
| SDO-MISO | 1011 – 0x0B |
| SDO-MOSI | 1100 – 0x0C |
| HEARTBEAT | 1110 – 0x0E |

The 11-bit identification field is a fixed part of the CANopen specification called the Communication OBject IDentification (COB-ID). This field is used for arbitration on the bus. The COB-ID with the lowest value gets priority and wins arbitration. Consequently, NMT messages have the highest priority of the standard message types, and the heartbeat has the lowest priority.

The standard organization of the COB-ID puts the message type in the upper four bits, and the Node ID in the bottom seven bits:



NMT MESSAGES

NMT (Network Management Transmission) messages are the highest priority message available. The NMT message puts Models 3140 / 3141 into one of the four defined states. These messages have 1 byte of data sent by the master; the slave does not respond with any data to an NMT. Models 3140 / 3141 state value is transmitted with each heartbeat message.

| Value | State |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0x00 | Initialization (or “boot-up”) |
| 0x04 | Stopped |
| 0x05 | Operational |
| 0x7F | Pre-Operational |

The NMT message identifier consists of the standard message type (NMT) in the top four bits; the bottom seven bits must be set to zero.

The first data byte of the NMT command is the command specifier:

| Value | Command Specifier |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| 0x01 | Enter the Operational state |
| 0x02 | Enter the Stopped state |
| 0x80 | Enter the Pre-Operational state |
| 0x81 | Reset 3140 / 3141 (warm boot) |
| 0x82 | Reset the CANbus |

The second byte of the NMT command defines whether this NMT is for all slaves on the bus (data byte = 00h) or for a specific node (data byte = Node ID of Models 3140 / 3141).

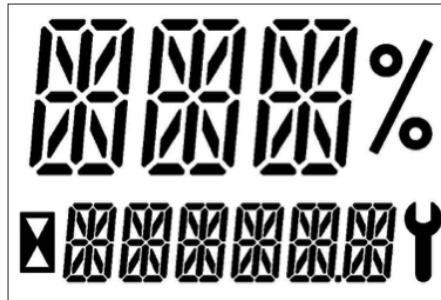
HEARTBEAT MESSAGES

The heartbeat message is a very low priority message, periodically sent by each slave device on the bus. The heartbeat message has a single byte of data and requires no response. Once Models 3140 / 3141 are in the Pre-Operational state, the next heartbeat will be issued and will continue until communication is stopped.

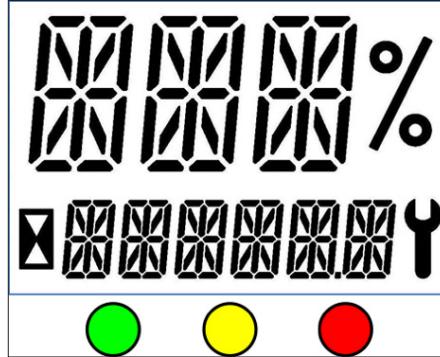
The heartbeat message has only one data byte. The top bit is reserved and should be set to zero. The bottom 7 bits hold the current NMT device state as defined previously.

LCD LAYOUT

The LCD layout for Models 3140/3141 is shown below. It features three large 16-segment characters, six small 16-segment characters, an hourglass icon, percent icon, wrench (service) icon and a decimal point.



Model 3141 features 3 fixed color LEDs located below the LCD as shown below. The LEDs are controllable through CAN messages as described later in this document.



Byte 8, the LED Command byte, is only used for Model 3141 with LEDs. Each LED can be commanded to be off, on or blinking. See Table 1 for details.

Table 1 LED Command Bit Assignments and Definitions

| Byte 8 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 0 |
| Display Element | Reserved | | Red LED | | Yellow LED | | Green LED |
| Function | | | On/Off/ Blink | | On/Off/ Blink | | On/Off/ Blink |

POWER-UP SEQUENCE

Upon power-up or transition from Pre-operational to Operational state, the 3140 / 3141 will go through a three-second diagnostic sequence. The LCD will be blank for the first second, then turn on all segments for one second, then blank for one second. The LCD will show all asterisks for five seconds after the power up sequence is complete, or whenever the NMT state is Operational but PDOs have not yet been received. This sequence will be aborted if PDO message processing has been started (3140 / 3141 commanded to Operational state and PDO messages received).

EMERGENCY MESSAGE PROCESSING

Emergency messages are not supported on this product. The product is simple enough that there are no errors.

PDO MESSAGE PROCESSING

When the Master sends a Slave device a PDO (PDO-RX, Master Out, Slave In), the Slave device will respond with a corresponding PDO-RX within 16 milliseconds.

PDO1_RX

| | | |
|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Byte 1 | Command_Word Low Byte | CAN object 0x3000 |
| Byte 2 | Command_Word High Byte | CAN object 0x3000 |
| Byte 3 | Large_Text_Char_1 (leftmost) | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x01 |
| Byte 4 | Large_Text_Char_2 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x02 |
| Byte 5 | Large_Text_Char_3 (rightmost) | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x03 |
| Byte 6 | Backlight percent | CAN object 0x3005, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 7 | Hour meter enable | CAN object 0x3010, sub-index 0x01 |
| Byte 8 | LED Command (Model 3141 only) | CAN object 0x3003, sub-index 0x00 |

Any data bytes in excess of seven (for 3140) or eight (for 3141) will be ignored. If a byte is not present in the PDO message received, the object mapped to that byte will not change as a result of the PDO reception.

Byte 1, bit 0 determines if the 3 large text characters displays the ASCII text sent in Bytes 3 – 5 or the internal BSoC calculation. Byte 1, bits 1 – 2 command the 3 large text characters to be on, off or blinking. Byte 1, bit 3 determines if the 6 small text characters displays the ASCII text sent in PDO2_RX or the internal hour meter. Byte 1, bits 4 – 5 command the 6 small text characters to be on, off or blinking. See Table 2 for details.

PDO2_RX

| | | |
|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Byte 1 | Small_Text_Char_1 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x01 |
| Byte 2 | Small_Text_Char_2 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x02 |
| Byte 3 | Small_Text_Char_3 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x03 |
| Byte 4 | Small_Text_Char_4 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x04 |
| Byte 5 | Small_Text_Char_5 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x05 |
| Byte 6 | Small_Text_Char_6 | CAN object 0x3001, sub-index 0x06 |

Any data bytes in excess of six will be ignored.

Byte 2 is used to command the percent icon (%), wrench icon, hourglass icon and the decimal point. Each of these elements can be commanded to be off, on or blinking. See Table 3 for details.

Table 2 Command Word Bit Assignments and Definitions.

| Byte 1 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|---|--|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Display Element | Reserved | | Small text | | Small text source | | Large text | |
| Function | | | On/Off/ Blink | | 0 = CAN 1 = hour meter ¹ | On/Off/ Blink | | 0 = CAN 1 = BSoC ² |
| Byte 2 | | | | | | | | |
| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Display Element | Decimal Point | | Hourglass | | Wrench | | Percent | |
| Function | On/Off/ Blink | | On/Off/ Blink | | On/Off/ Blink | | On/Off/ Blink | |

¹ If hour meter is selected as the source, the hourglass icon will blink when the hour meter is enabled (counting).

² If BSoC is selected as the source, the percent icon will be turned on.

On/Off/ Blink: 00 = off, 01 = on, 10 = blink, 11 = reserved (Off)

If the large text source is set to BSoC, then the On/Off/Blink commands for the large text and percent icon are ignored.

If the small text source is set to hour meter, then the On/Off/Blink commands for the small text and hourglass icon are ignored.

PDO1_TX

| | | |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Byte 1 | Bplus_mV Low Byte | CAN object 0x3030, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 2 | Bplus_mV High Byte | CAN object 0x3030, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 3 | BDI_percent | CAN object 0x3020, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 4 | Hour meter Value Byte 0 | CAN object 0x3010, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 5 | Hour meter Value Byte 1 | CAN object 0x3010, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 6 | Hour meter Value Byte 2 | CAN object 0x3010, sub-index 0x00 |
| Byte 7 | Hour meter Value Byte 3 | CAN object 0x3010, sub-index 0x00 |

PDO2_TX

No PDO2_TX message is transmitted by the 3140 / 3141.

4 – DEVICE PARAMETER OBJECTS

DICTIONARY OBJECTS

The following Table identifies the variables that should be externally accessible for the 3140 / 3141.

Table 3: CAN Object Dictionary

| CAN Index | Sub-Index | Name | Length (Bytes) | Read/ Write | NVM ³ | Default Value |
|-----------|-----------|---|----------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 0x1000 | 0x00 | canopen_mandatory_device_type | 4 | R | Y | 0x00 |
| 0x1001 | 0x00 | canopen_mandatory_error_register | 1 | R | Y | 0x00 |
| 0x1002 | 0x00 | canopen_status_register | 4 | R | Y | 0x00 |
| 0x1008 | 0x00 | canopen_device_name | 4 | R | Y | “3140 / 3141” |
| 0x1009 | 0x00 | canopen_hardware_version (major.minor) | 4 | R | Y | “0001” = 00.01 |
| 0x100A | 0x00 | canopen_firmware_revision (major.minor) | 4 | R | Y | “0001” = 00.01 |
| 0x1010 | 0x00 | canopen_store_parameters_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x01 |
| 0x1010 | 0x01 | canopen_store_all_parameters. Send “save” (65766173h) to save NVM parameters to EEPROM. | 4 | R/W | Y | 0x00000001 |
| 0x1011 | 0x00 | canopen_restore_parameters_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x01 |
| 0x1011 | 0x01 | canopen_reststore_all_parameters. Send “load” (64616F6Ch) to restore parameters | 4 | R/W | N | 0x00000001 |
| 0x1014 | 0x00 | canopen_EMCY_COB_ID | 2 | R | Y | 0x80 + Node_ID |
| 0x1017 | 0x00 | canopen_heart_beat_rate | 2 | R | Y | 100ms |
| 0x1018 | 0x00 | canopen_mandatory_identity_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x01 |
| 0x1018 | 0x01 | canopen_mandatory_identity_vendor_id | 4 | R | Y | 0x00004349 |
| 0x1400 | 0x00 | can_pdo_RX_1_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x02 |
| 0x1400 | 0x01 | can_pdo_RX_1_cob_id | 2 | R | Y | 0x200 + Node_ID |
| 0x1400 | 0x02 | can_pdo_RX_1_trans_type | 1 | R | Y | 0xFE |
| 0x1401 | 0x00 | can_pdo_RX_2_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x02 |
| 0x1401 | 0x01 | can_pdo_RX_2_cob_id | 2 | R | Y | 0x300 + Node_ID |
| 0x1401 | 0x02 | can_pdo_RX_2_trans_type | 1 | R | Y | 0xFE |
| 0x1600 | 0x00 | can_pdo_RX_1_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x06 (3140) 0x07 (3141) |

³ Non-Volatile Memory: these values are recalled upon power up.

Table 3: CAN Object Dictionary continued

| CAN Index | Sub-Index | Name | Length (Bytes) | Read/ Write | NVM³ | Default Value |
|------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 0x1600 | 0x01 | can_pdo_RX_1_map_1 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30000010 |
| 0x1600 | 0x02 | can_pdo_RX_1_map_2 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30010108 |
| 0x1600 | 0x03 | can_pdo_RX_1_map_3 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30010208 |
| 0x1600 | 0x04 | can_pdo_RX_1_map_4 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30010308 |
| 0x1601 | 0x00 | can_pdo_RX_2_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x06 |
| 0x1601 | 0x01 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_1 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30020108 |
| 0x1601 | 0x02 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_2 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30020208 |
| 0x1601 | 0x03 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_3 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30020308 |
| 0x1601 | 0x04 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_4 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30020408 |
| 0x1601 | 0x05 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_5 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30020508 |
| 0x1601 | 0x06 | can_pdo_RX_2_map_6 | 4 | R | Y | 0x30010608 |
| 0x2000 | 0x00 | can_node_id_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x01 |
| 0x2000 | 0x01 | can_node_id | 1 | R/W | Y | 0x71 |
| 0x2001 | 0x00 | can_baud_rate_struct_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x01 |
| 0x2001 | 0x01 | can_baud_rate | 2 | R/W | Y | 0 = 125k baud |
| 0x2003 | 0x00 | device_info_structure_length | 1 | R | Y | 0x07 |
| 0x2003 | 0x01 | model_name | 4 | R | Y | “3140 / 3141” |
| 0x2003 | 0x02 | model_family | 4 | R | Y | 0x0000000000 |
| 0x2003 | 0x03 | serial_number | 4 | R | Y | 0x0000000000 |
| 0x2003 | 0x04 | manufacture_date | string | R | Y | “20--/01/01” |
| 0x2003 | 0x05 | manufacture_location | string | R | Y | “China” |
| 0x2003 | 0x06 | hardware_version | 4 | R | Y | 0x0000000000 |
| 0x2003 | 0x07 | application_package_version | 4 | R | Y | 0x0000000000 |
| 0x3000 | 0x00 | Command_Word | 2 | R/W | N | 0x0000 |
| 0x3001 | 0x00 | Large_Display_Length | 1 | R | Y | 0x03 |
| 0x3001 | 0x01 | Large_Text_Char_1 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3001 | 0x02 | Large_Text_Char_2 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3001 | 0x03 | Large_Text_Char_3 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3002 | 0x00 | Small_Display_Length | 1 | R | Y | 0x06 |
| 0x3002 | 0x01 | Small_Text_Char_1 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3002 | 0x02 | Small_Text_Char_2 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3002 | 0x03 | Small_Text_Char_3 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3002 | 0x04 | Small_Text_Char_4 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3002 | 0x05 | Small_Text_Char_5 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |

³ Non-Volatile Memory: these values are recalled upon power up.

Table 3: CAN Object Dictionary continued

| CAN Index | Sub-Index | Name | Length (Bytes) | Read/ Write | NVM³ | Default Value |
|------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 0x3002 | 0x06 | Small_Text_Char_6 | 1 | R/W | N | 0x20 (space) |
| 0x3003 | 0x00 | LED command (model 3141 only) | 1 | R/W | N | 0 |
| 0x3005 | 0x00 | Backlight percent (0 – 100%) | 1 | R/W | N | 0 |
| 0x3010 | 0x00 | Hour meter value (internal) | 4 | R | Y | |
| 0x3010 | 0x01 | Hour meter enable (0 = disabled, 1 = enabled) | 1 | R/W | N | 0 (disabled) |
| 0x3010 | 0x02 | Hour meter reset (non-zero value will reset) | 1 | R/W | N | 0 |
| 0x3020 | 0x00 | BDI_percent (0 – 100%) | 1 | R | Y | |
| 0x3020 | 0x01 | BDI_prescaler | 2 | R | Y | |
| 0x3020 | 0x02 | BDI_discharge_full (mV per cell) | 2 | R/W | Y | 2050 |
| 0x3020 | 0x03 | BDI_discharge_empty (mV per cell) | 2 | R/W | Y | 1750 |
| 0x3020 | 0x04 | BDI_CTR_full (mV per cell) | 2 | R/W | Y | 2350 |
| 0x3020 | 0x05 | BDI_CTR_empty (mV per cell) | 2 | R/W | Y | 2100 |
| 0x3020 | 0x06 | BDI_OCR (mV per cell) | 2 | R/W | Y | 2090 |
| 0x3020 | 0x07 | BDI_integration_time | 1 | R/W | Y | 30 (minutes) |
| 0x3020 | 0x08 | B+_nominal (volts, 24, 36, 48) | 1 | R/W | Y | 24 |
| 0x3030 | 0x00 | Bplus_mV | 2 | R | N | B+ in millivolts |
| 0x3050 | 0x00 | firmware_part_number | 4 | R | Y | 1769039001 |
| 0x3149 | 0x00 | can_pdo_timeout_period | 2 | R/W | Y | 0x07D0 = 2000 ms |
| 0x3200 | 0x00 | P_User_1 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3201 | 0x00 | P_User_2 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3202 | 0x00 | P_User_3 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3203 | 0x00 | P_User_4 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3204 | 0x00 | P_User_5 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3205 | 0x00 | P_User_6 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3206 | 0x00 | P_User_7 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3207 | 0x00 | P_User_8 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3208 | 0x00 | P_User_9 | 4 | R/W | Y | |
| 0x3209 | 0x00 | P_User_10 | 4 | R/W | Y | |

³ Non-Volatile Memory: these values are recalled upon power up.

Description of variables not defined in CiA 301

Large_Display_Length: This is the length of the large text display in characters. This should be hard-coded to a value of 3.

Large_Text_Char_1: This is the ASCII code for the first (leftmost) character to be placed on the large 3-character display, if selected in Byte 1 of the Command_Word.

Large_Text_Char_2: This is the ASCII code for the second character to be placed on the large 3-character display, if selected in Byte 1 of the Command_Word.

Large_Text_Char_3: This is the ASCII code for the third (rightmost) character to be placed on the large 3-character display, if selected in Byte 1 of the Command_Word.

Small_Display_Length: This is the length of the small text display in characters. This should be hard-coded to a value of 6.

Small_Text_Char_1: This is the ASCII code for the first (leftmost) character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Small_Text_Char_2: This is the ASCII code for the second character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Small_Text_Char_3: This is the ASCII code for the third character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Small_Text_Char_4: This is the ASCII code for the fourth character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Small_Text_Char_5: This is the ASCII code for the fifth character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Small_Text_Char_6: This is the ASCII code for the sixth (rightmost) character to be placed on the small 6-character display.

Backlight_percent: The backlight PWM duty cycle in percent.

Hour meter value: The value of the internal hour meter in 0.1 hour increments.

Hour meter enable: The enable signal for the internal hour meter. 0 = disabled; 1 = enabled.

Hour meter reset: The reset signal for the internal hour meter. A non-zero value will reset the hour meter to zero hours.

BDI_percent: The current battery state-of-charge estimate in percent.

BDI_prescaler: The prescaler value for the state-of-charge integrator.

BDI_discharge_full: The “full” parameter for the discharge curve, in mV per cell.

BDI_discharge_empty: The “empty” parameter for the discharge curve, in mV per cell.

BDI_CTR_full: The “full” parameter for the charge-tracking-reset curve, in mV per cell.

BDI_CTR_empty: The “empty” parameter for the charge-tracking-reset curve, in mV per cell.

BDI_OCR: The open-circuit reset value, in mV per cell.

BDI_integration_time: The integration time, in minutes.

B+_nominal: The nominal B+ system voltage, in volts, e.g. 24, 36, 48.

can_baud_rate_struct_length: This parameter indicates the number of CAN ports that have baud rate definitions.

can_baud_rate: This parameter is enumerated as follows:

| Value | Baud Rate |
|-------|-----------|
| -2 | 20k |
| -1 | 50k |
| 0 | 125k |
| 1 | 250k |
| 2 | 500k |
| 3 | 800k |
| 4 | 1M |

can_node_id_struct_length: This parameter indicates the number of CAN ports that have Node ID definitions.

can_node_id: 0-127 indicating the node ID of the display.

can_pdo_timeout_period: 0-32767 indicates the time in milliseconds that the last CAN-commanded data will be displayed. If no PDO1_RX messages are received within this time, all icons and the backlight will turn off, Hour meter Enable will be set to zero (stopping the internal hour meter from counting), and the large text display will show “***” until the next PDO1_RX message receipt. If the large text source is “BSoC”, then the large text display will continue to show the internal BSoC calculation.

If no PDO2_RX messages are received within this time and the small text source is set for “CAN”, the small text display will change to “*****” until the next PDO2_RX message receipt. Otherwise, the small text display will continue to show the internal hour meter value.

Note: If both PDOs time out, then the unit enters Pre-operational mode. When this occurs, the display will go blank and the backlight will turn off.

P_User_1 ~ P_User_10: These objects are 32-bit general purpose non-volatile objects. These objects will be stored in EEPROM if “save” is written to canopen_store_all_parameters.

Table 4 ASCII Character Table

| MSB \\ | x000 | x001 | x010 | x011 | x100 | x101 | x110 | x111 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| LSB \\ | 0000 | 0001 | 0010 | 0011 | 0100 | 0101 | 0110 | 0111 |
| 0000 | | | | | | | | |
| 0001 | | | | | | | | |
| 0010 | | | | | | | | |
| 0011 | | | | | | | | |
| 0100 | | | | | | | | |
| 0101 | | | | | | | | |
| 0110 | | | | | | | | |
| 0111 | | | | | | | | |
| 1000 | | | | | | | | |
| 1001 | | | | | | | | |
| 1010 | | | | | | | | |
| 1011 | | | | | | | | |
| 1100 | | | | | | | | |
| 1101 | | | | | | | | |
| 1110 | | | | | | | | |
| 1111 | | | | | | | | |

5 – SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications for the Curtis Models 3140 / 3141 are presented in Table 5.

Table 5 Specifications

ENVIRONMENTAL

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Operating Temperature: | –10°C to +85°C (with optional LCD heater: –40°C to +85°C). |
| Storage Temperature: | –40°C to +85°C. |
| Humidity: | |
| Soak: | Designed to meet EN 60068-2-78. |
| Test Cab: | Damp Heat, Steady State, 10 days at 93% RH ($\pm 3\%$), 30°C. |
| Cyclic: | Designed to meet EN 60068-2-30. |
| Test Db: | Damp Heat, Cyclic (12hr + 12hr cycle). Test method variant 1. 6 cycles (each cycle is 24hrs), 90% RH. |
| Ingress Protection: | Designed to meet EN 60529 Face: IP65; Rear surface: IP54. |
| Shock: | Applicable to enclosed units only: designed to meet EN 60068-2-27: 3 shocks in all 3 axes in both directions (18 shocks in total), 500 m/s ² , 11ms, half sine wave. |
| Vibration: | The following vibration specifications are applicable to enclosed units only: |
| General: | Designed to meet EN 60068-2-6, Swept Sine Wave method, 5g, 20 cycles in each plane, 5 to 500 Hz, 1 Octave/min. ; Amplitude = $\pm 15\text{mm}$; Amplitude < $\pm 15\text{mm}$; Acceleration = 5g. |
| Random: | Designed to meet EN 60068-2-64. Test Fh: vibration, broad-band random (digital control) and guidance. Method 1, random excitation, 5hrs in each axis, 10 to 350 Hz. |
| Resonance: | Designed to meet EN 60068-2-6. Vibration sinusoidal, 5g, 5 mins at resonant points, 1 Octave/min, Swept Sine Wave 10 to 2000 Hz. |

ELECTRICAL

| Signal Name | Min. | Nominal | Max. |
|-------------|------|-----------|------|
| B+ | 18 V | 24 – 48 V | 60 V |
| Heater B+ | 18 V | 24 – 48 V | 60 V |

| Signal Name | Standard Models | | Backlit Models | | LCD Heater (mA) |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | Typical (mA) | Max. (mA) | Typical (mA) | Max. (mA) | |
| B+ (24V) | 14 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 140 |
| B+ (28V) | 14 | 20 | 25 | 31 | 170 |
| B+ (36V) | 14 | 20 | 25 | 31 | 140 |
| B+ (48V) | 15 | 21 | 25 | 32 | 98 |
| B+ (60V) | 15 | 21 | 26 | 33 | 82 |

Table 5 Specifications continued**EMC SPECIFICATIONS**

| | |
|--|---|
| Emissions (Broadband & Narrowband): | Designed to meet UN ECE/324 Addendum 9 Regulation 10 Revision 4 (6 March 2012) for an Electrical/electronic sub-assembly (ESA). |
| Immunity: | |
| ESD: | Designed to meet IEC 61000-4-2: Test level IV (8 kV contact discharge or 15 kV air discharge) according to ISO 10605:2001, Table B.1. |
| Radiated Immunity: | Designed to meet 30 V/m (20MHz to 1 GHz) when tested per ISO 11452–2, Absorber-Lined Chamber (single sample). |
| Conducted Immunity: | Designed to meet IEC 61000-4-4: Test level 4 (4 kV peak, 2.5 kHz repetition rate). |

REGULATORY APPROVALS

| | |
|--|--|
| UL: | UL recognition to UL 583 |
| CE: | The product complies with the requirements of the EMC Standards and RoHS directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2). |
| The product conforms to the following product specifications and regulations: | <p>EMC: Radiated Emissions: UN ECE/324; Radiated Immunity: ISO 11451-1 and ISO 11451-2, using the RF levels defined in BS EN 13309:2010;</p> <p>Electrical Transient Conduction: IEC 61000-4-4: Test level 4 (4 kV peak, 2.5 kHz repetition rate);</p> <p>ESD: ISO 10605: 2001.</p> <p>RoHS: RoHS directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2).</p> |